

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
three and nine-month periods ended
February 28, 2009
(unaudited)

5N Plus Inc. Interim Consolidated Statements of Earnings Periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 (unaudited)

		Three months				Nine months			
(in Canadian dollars)		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Sales	\$	19,150,195	\$	8,358,817	\$	51,315,894	\$	21,549,033	
Cost of sales (note 9)		9,309,927		3,904,679		24,613,624		10,841,082	
Gross profit		9,840,268		4,454,138		26,702,270		10,707,951	
Expenses									
Selling and administrative		1,343,814		827,715		3,606,876		2,008,283	
Research and development		333,238		203,008		817,865		864,384	
Foreign exchange (gain) loss (note 11)		96,926		60,766		(1,265,775)		77,561	
Financial (note 12)		130,812		51,196		333,706		303,811	
Interest income		(227,205)		(169,219)		(996,316)		(169,219)	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		603,077		266,980		1,553,111		751,149	
Amortization of deferred start-up costs		172,912		-		380,356		-	
		2,453,574		1,240,446		4,429,823		3,835,969	
Earnings before undernoted items		7,386,694		3,213,692		22,272,447		6,871,982	
Start-up costs, new plant		-		22,421		206,390		195,777	
Earnings before income taxes		7,386,694		3,191,271		22,066,057		6,676,205	
Income taxes									
Current		2,248,822		1,021,559		6,324,095		2,062,689	
Future		33,901		(99,000)		493,869		26,000	
		2,282,723		922,559		6,817,964		2,088,689	
Net earnings	\$	5,103,971	\$	2,268,712	\$	15,248,093	\$	4,587,516	
Earnings per share (note 7)									
Basic	\$	0.11	\$	0.06	\$	0.34	\$	0.14	
Diluted	\$	0.11	\$	0.06	\$	0.33	\$	0.13	
Weighted average number of common shares (note 7)	)		Ī				Г		
Basic		45,505,413		39,006,408		45,501,804		32,748,039	
Diluted		45,815,527		39,996,036		45,889,182		34,595,195	

5N Plus Inc. Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 (unaudited)

	Three months				Nine months			
(in Canadian dollars)		2009 2008			2009		2008	
Net earnings Unrealized gain on translating financial statements	\$	5,103,971	\$	2,268,712	\$	15,248,093	\$	4,587,516
of self-sustaining foreign operation		347,736		-		384,773		-
Comprehensive income	\$	5,451,707	\$	2,268,712	\$	15,632,866	\$	4,587,516

5N Plus Inc. Interim Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings Periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 (unaudited)

	Three months					Nine months			
(in Canadian dollars)		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Retained earnings, beginning of period	\$	19,667,222	\$	7,719,101	\$	9,523,100	\$	6,466,347	
Net earnings		5,103,971		2,268,712		15,248,093		4,587,516	
Dividends		-		-		-		(1,000,000)	
Share issue expenses, net of income taxes of \$1,000,000		-		(2,082,994)		-		(2,082,994)	
Excess of purchase price over stated value									
of shares purchased by the Company		-		-		-		( 66 050)	
Retained earnings, end of period	\$	24,771,193	\$	7,904,819	\$	24,771,193	\$	7,904,819	

5N Plus Inc. Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in Canadian dollars)	As at Februa 2009 (unaudite		As at May 31, 2008
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,1	87,563 \$	59,576,743
Accounts receivable (note 2)	5,2	34,040	10,164,562
Inventories (note 3)	27,9	42,334	12,727,564
Prepaid expenses and deposits	7-	49,407	348,504
Future income taxes	1	74,000	456,325
	96,2	87,344	83,273,698
Property, plant and equipment (note 4)	26,2	29,667	21,220,889
Grant receivable	2,1	35,682	2,053,377
Future income taxes	7	35,540	909,536
Deferred start-up costs	9	78,504	821,008
Other assets		52,682	55,681
	\$ 126,4	19,419 \$	108,334,189
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity  Current liabilities			
Bank loan	\$ 6	16,111 \$	1,262,205
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,0	40,271	7,486,227
Income taxes payable	2,4	43,427	1,754,114
Current portion of long-term debt	5	49,922	578,922
Current portion of other long-term liabilities		48,371	270,251
	13,6	98,102	11,351,719
Long-term debt	4,1	47,893	4,547,028
Deferred revenue	7	07,871	753,606
Other long-term liabilities		-	127,906
	18,5	53,866	16,780,259
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital (note 5)		38,589	81,788,694
Contributed surplus (note 6)		38,579	242,136
Accumulated other comprehensive income (note 8)		17,192	
Retained earnings		71,193	9,523,100
		65,553	91,553,930
	\$ 126,4	19,419 \$	108,334,189

5N Plus Inc. Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008 (unaudited)

		Three months			Nine months			
(in Canadian dollars)		2009		2008	2009		2008	
Cash flows from operating activities								
Net earnings	\$	5,103,971	\$ 2,2	68,712	\$ 15,248,093	\$	4,587,516	
Adjustments for:								
Future income taxes		33,901	(9	9,000)	493,869		26,000	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		603,077	2	66,980	1,553,111		751,149	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		-		-	-		38,766	
Amortization of deferred start-up costs and other assets		196,154		5,450	449,217		6,542	
Amortization of deferred revenue		(41,348)		-	(121,249)		-	
Deferred revenue		-	8	02,600	-		802,600	
Stock-based compensation		135,376	1	10,305	413,863		115,236	
		6,031,131	3,3	55,047	18,036,904		6,327,809	
Net change in non-cash working capital items								
Accounts receivable		1,588,720	(1,39	7,517)	5,574,774		(2,776,213)	
Inventories	(4	1,789,107)	(20	8,305)	(15,173,711)		(3,374,181)	
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(350,990)	(40	2,706)	(394,816)		(519,712)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,975,086	2	01,962	3,406,900		2,901,985	
Income taxes payable		1,332,781	4	69,125	670,872		(354,169)	
		5,787,621	2,0	17,606	12,120,923		2,205,519	
Cash flows from financing activities								
Bank loan	(2	2,389,294)	(2,33	35,949)	(755,600)		(1,040,000)	
Other assets and long-term liabilities		(106,411)	(1	9,097)	(349,786)		(256,759)	
Increase in long-term debt, net of related financial expenses	;	-		-	-		4,404,179	
Repayment of long-term debt		(124,858)	(6,34	6,698)	(428,135)		(6,921,762)	
Deferred financing fees		-		-	-		(55,000)	
Purchase of shares		-		-	-		(70,063)	
Issuance of shares		32,475	31,4	17,006	32,475		31,419,732	
Dividends paid		-		-	-		(1,000,000)	
Deferred costs		-	(16	60,518)	-		(160,518)	
Grants - property, plant and equipment		-		85,492	-		85,492	
	(2	2,588,088)	22,6	40,236	(1,501,046)		26,405,301	
Cash flows from investing activities								
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1	1,497,028)	(4,65	52,313)	(7,534,369)		(10,201,736)	
Deposits		-		-	3,001		(35,946)	
Deferred start-up costs		(53,882)		-	(503,162)		-	
	(1	1,550,910)	(4,65	52,313)	(8,034,530)		(10,237,682)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rate on cash		10,705		-	25,473		-	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,659,328		05,529	2,610,820		18,373,138	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6	0,528,235	(10	)5,459)	59,576,743		1,526,932	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 6	2,187,563	\$ 19,9	00,070	\$ 62,187,563	\$	19,900,070	
Supplementary information								
Property, plant and equipment not paid and included								
in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	307,257			\$ 307,257		-	
Interest paid	\$	80,283		93,591	232,014		298,647	
Income taxes paid	\$	690,000	\$ 4	63,827	\$ 4,749,759	\$	2,103,790	

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company, for the three-month and nine-month periods ended February 28, 2009 and February 29, 2008, have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and should be read in conjunction with the May 31, 2008 audited annual consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies are the same as those used for the May 31, 2008 audited annual consolidated financial statements, with the exception of the accounting changes listed below.

#### **Changes in accounting policies**

On June 1, 2008, the Company adopted the following sections of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook:

- a) Section 1400, "General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation", has been amended to include requirements to assess and disclose an entity's ability to continue as a going concern.
- b) Section 1535, "Capital disclosures", establishes standards for disclosing information about an entity's capital and how it is managed. It describes the disclosure of the entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital as well as summary quantitative data on the elements included in the management of capital. The section seeks to establish whether the entity has complied with capital requirements and if not, the consequences of such non-compliance.
- c) Section 3031, "Inventories", provides guidance on the determination of cost and the subsequent recognition as an expense, including any write-down to net realizable value. The standard also permits the reversal of previous write-downs when there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventories. Finally, the standard provides guidance on the cost formulas that are used to assign costs to inventories and requires the consistent use of inventory policies by type of inventory with similar nature and use.
- d) Section 3862, "Financial Instruments Disclosures", describes the required disclosures to evaluate the significance of financial instruments for the entity's financial position and performance as well as the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed and how the entity manages those risks. The cash and cash equivalents have been classified as available-for-sale assets. The Company does not carry any loans receivable, and its accounts receivable and grant receivable are measured at amortized cost, which approximates cost. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities, income taxes payable and the long-term debt have been classified as other financial liabilities and are, therefore, measured at amortized cost.
- e) Section 3863, "Financial Instruments Presentation", establishes standards for the presentation of financial instruments and non-financial derivatives. It details the presentation of standards described in Section 3861, "Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation".

The adoption of these new standards did not significantly impact the Company's financial position or its results of operations.

#### Future changes in accounting policies

a) In January 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", which replaces Section 3062 "Goodwill and Others Intangible Assets", and results in the withdrawal of Section 3450 "Research and Development Costs", and Emerging Issues Committee Abstract 27 "Revenues and Expenditures during the Preoperating Period", and amendments to Accounting Guideline No 11 "Enterprises in the Development Stage". The standard provides guidance on the recognition of intangible assets in accordance with the definition of an asset and the criteria for asset recognition as well as clarifying the application of the concept of matching revenues and expenses, whether these assets are separately acquired or internally developed. This standard applies to interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. The deferred start-up costs as at May 31, 2009 are estimated at \$806,000 and will be written-off as a result of the adoption of this new standard and the corresponding 2008 annual and quarterly figures will be restated.

b) In 2005, the Accounting Standards Board of Canada announced that accounting standards in Canada are to converge with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). In May 2007, the CICA published an updated version of its "Implementation Plan for Incorporating International Financial Reporting Standards" into Canadian GAAP. This plan includes an outline of the key decisions that the CICA will need to make as it implements the Strategic Plan for publicly accountable enterprises that will converge Canadian GAAP with IFRS. In February 2008, the CICA confirmed the change over date from current Canadian GAAP to IFRS to be January 1, 2011. While IFRS uses a conceptual framework similar to Canadian GAAP, there are significant differences in accounting policies which must be addressed. As of today, we have not evaluated the impact of these new standards.

#### 2. Accounts receivable

	As at F	ebruary 28,	As at May 31,
		2009	2008
			(audited)
Trade accounts receivable	\$	4,210,860	\$ 6,380,487
Commodity taxes		502,167	2,203,808
Grant receivable		481,506	1,540,760
Other		39,507	39,507
	\$	5,234,040	\$ 10,164,562

	As a	at February 28,	As at May 31,
		2009	2008
			(audited)
Chronological history of trade accounts receivable :			
Current	\$	3,873,140	\$ 6,154,326
0 to 30 days overdue		140,492	157,556
31 to 60 days overdue		149,479	39,009
61 to 120 days overdue		47,749	29,596
	\$	4,210,860	\$ 6,380,487

(in Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

# 3. Inventories

J J		
	As at February 28,	As at May 31,
	2009	2008
		(audited)
Raw materials	\$ 20,571,365	\$ 9,809,207
Finished goods	7,370,969	2,918,357
	\$ 27,942,334	\$ 12,727,564

# 4. Property, plant and equipment

	As at February 28, 2009						
			Accumulated		Net book		
		Cost	depreciation		value		
Land	\$	544,163 \$	-	\$	544,163		
Buildings		11,634,385	714,332		10,920,053		
Leasehold improvements		1,506,976	314,285		1,192,691		
Production equipment		16,778,886	3,856,063		12,922,823		
Rolling stock		47,441	38,420		9,021		
Furniture and equipment		236,755	41,083		195,672		
Computer equipment		637,720	192,476		445,244		
Furniture and equipment under capital leases		43,179	43,179		-		
	\$	31,429,505 \$	5,199,838	\$	26,229,667		

	As at May 31, 2008 (audited)						
			Net book				
		Cost	depreciation	value			
Land	\$	534,380	\$ -	\$ 534,380			
Buildings		4,497,408	398,714	4,098,694			
Leasehold improvements		1,355,026	252,007	1,103,019			
Production equipment		8,567,120	2,781,503	5,785,617			
Rolling stock		47,441	33,820	13,621			
Furniture and equipment		107,336	24,936	82,400			
Computer equipment		402,381	104,674	297,707			
Construction project		13,430,327	-	13,430,327			
Less: Grants and Government assistance		(4,125,371)	-	(4,125,371)			
Furniture and equipment under capital leases		43,179	42,684	495			
	\$	24,859,227	\$ 3,638,338	\$ 21,220,889			

# 5N Plus Inc. Notes to Interim Consolidated Statements

(in Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

## 5. Share Capital

#### **Authorized**

An unlimited number of common shares, with no par value, participating, entitling the holder to one vote per share.

An unlimited number of preferred shares may be issued in one or more series with specific terms, privileges and restrictions to be determined for each class by the Board of Directors.

## Issued and fully paid

	Number	Amount
Common shares		
Outstanding as at May 31, 2008	45,500,000	\$81,788,694
Issued on exercises of options	10,825	49,895
Outstanding as at February 28, 2009	45,510,825	\$81,838,589

#### **Normal Course Issuer Bid**

On December 2, 2008 the Company announced its intention to repurchase for cancellation up to 2,275,000 common shares over the twelve-month period starting on December 4, 2008 and ending on December 3, 2009, representing 5% of 5N Plus' issued and outstanding common shares. The purchases by the Company will be effected through the facilities of the Toronto Stock Exchange and will be made at the market price of the common shares at the time of the purchase. In the three-month period ended February 28, 2009 none were repurchased.

#### **Stock Option Plan**

In the three-month period ended February 28, 2009, 10,825 options were exercised under the Stock Option Plan. An amount of \$17,420 from these options has been reclassified from contributed surplus to share capital, and a cash consideration of \$32,475, for a total amount of \$49,895.

In October 2007, the Company introduced a new stock option plan for directors, officers and employees. The maximum number of common shares that can be issued upon the exercise of options granted is equal to 10% of the aggregate number of common shares issued and outstanding from time-to-time. The maximum period during which an option may be exercised is ten years from the date of the grant. For the nine-month period ended February 28, 2009 the Company granted 466,430 options (1,042,200 on December 20, 2007) at a price of \$5.42 per option (\$3.00 per option on December 20, 2007). Options vest at a rate of 25% (100% for the directors) per year, beginning one year following the grant date of the options.

(in Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

The following presents the assumptions used to establish the fair value assigned to the options issued using the Black-Scholes valuation model:

	2009	2008
Expected volatility	68%	72%
Dividend	None	None
Risk-free interest rate	2.50%	4.25%
Risk-free interest rate (directors)	2.25%	4.00%
Expected life	3.5 years	3.5 years
Expected life (directors)	1 year	1 year
Fair value – weighted average of options issued	2.46	1.42

	Nine	months	Nine	months
	2	009	2	2008
	Stock Option	Weighted average exercice price	Stock Option	Weighted average exercice price
Beginning of period	1,032,500	\$3.00	10,750	\$0.26
Granted	466,430	\$5.42	1,042,200	\$3.00
Cancelled	(27,575)	\$3.00	-	-
Exerciced	(10,825)	\$3.00	(10,750)	\$0.26
End of period	1,460,530	\$3.77	1,042,200	\$3.00

Stock-based compensation cost is allocated as follows:

		Three	m	nonths	Nine months				
	F	ebruary 28,2009		February 29,2008		February 28,2009		February 29,2008	
Cost of goods sold	\$	114,336	\$	41,467	\$	173,144	\$	43,364	
Selling and administrative expenses		9,202		46,070		197,667		47,967	
Research and development expenses		11,838		22,768		43,052		23,905	
	\$	135,376	\$	110,305	\$	413,863	\$	115,236	

# 6. Contributed surplus

		Three	months		Nine months				
	Febru	ary 28,2009	February 29,2008	Fe	ebruary 28,2009	Febr	uary 29,2008		
Opening balance	\$	520,623	\$ -	\$	242,136	\$	81,782		
Stock based compensation expense		135,376	110,305	5	413,863		115,236		
Options exercised		(17,420)	(4,931)	)	(17,420)		(91,644)		
Closing balance	\$	638,579	\$ 105,374	\$	638,579	\$	105,374		

# 7. Net earnings per share

	Three	mo	nths	Nine months				
	February 28,		February 29,	February 28,			February 29,	
	2009		2008		2009		2008	
Numerator								
Net earnings	\$ 5,103,971	\$	2,268,712	\$	15,248,093	\$	4,587,516	
Interest on notes payable,								
net of income taxes	-		922		-		9,459	
	\$ 5,103,971	\$	2,269,634	\$	15,248,093	\$	4,596,975	
Denominator								
Weighted average number								
of common shares	45,505,413		39,006,408		45,501,804		32,748,039	
Effect of dilutive securities								
Stock options	310,114		-		387,378		-	
Convertible notes	-		989,628		-		1,847,156	
	45,815,527		39,996,036		45,889,182		34,595,195	
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$ 0.11	\$	0.06	\$	0.34	\$	0.14	
Diluted	\$ 0.11	\$	0.06	\$	0.33	\$	0.13	

# 8. Accumulated other comprehensive income

	Three	mor	nths		Nine months			
	February 28,		February 29,		February 28,		February 29,	
	2009		2008		2009		2008	
Opening balance	\$ 269,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Translation from the temporal method to the current rate method a)	-		-		232,419		-	
Unrealized foreign currency translation gain for the period	347,736		-		384,773		-	
Closing balance	\$ 617,192	\$	-	\$	617,192	\$	-	

a) As of June 1, 2008, following the commencement of the commercial operations of the Company's German subsidiary, the Company performed a reassessment of the classification criteria described in section 1651 of the CICA Handbook "Foreign currency translation" of the subsidiary. Based on the new circumstances, the Company has now classified its foreign subsidiary as a self sustaining entity. The impact of the change from the temporal method to the current rate method resulted, as at June 1, 2008, in an adjustment of \$232,419. This amount has been applied as an increase in property, plant and equipment and as an increase in shareholders' equity under the caption accumulated other comprehensive income.

## 9. Cost of sales

The following table presents the reconciliation of the cost of sales reflected in earnings to the inventory amount charged to expense during the period.

	Three	m	onths	Nine months				
	February 28, 2009		February 29, 2008		February 28, 2009		February 29, 2008	
Cost of sales  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	\$ 9,309,927	\$	3,904,679	\$	24,613,624	\$	10,841,082	
related to the transformation of inventories	565,026		253,181		1,439,199		703,888	
Inventory amount charged to expense	\$ 9,874,953	\$	4,157,860	\$	26,052,823	\$	11,544,970	

#### 10. Financial Instruments

#### Risk management policies and processes

In the normal course of its operations, the Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity and financing risk, interest rate risk as well as price risk and currency risk. Management analyses these risks and implements strategies in order to minimize their impact on the Company's performance.

# Credit risk and significant customers

The Company has a conservative approach with regard to the management of its cash and cash equivalents. The funds have to be allocated to three recognized financial institutions, and finally the President and Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Financial Officer jointly authorize the type and terms of the investments.

The Company is exposed to credit risk that is mainly associated with its accounts receivable, which is the risk that a client will not be able to pay amounts in full when due. The Company considers its credit risk to be limited for the following reasons:

- a) The Company concluded an agreement with Export Development Canada ("EDC") which stipulates that EDC will assume a portion of risk loss for certain clients in the event of non-payment, up to a maximum of \$1,500,000 per year.
- b) The Company does not require additional guarantee or other securities from its clients in regards to its accounts receivable. However, credit is granted only to clients after a credit analysis is performed. The Company conducts ongoing evaluations of its clients and establishes provisions for doubtful accounts, should an account be considered not recoverable.

c) Three costumers represent approximately the following percentages of sales and accounts receivable:

	Three	months	Nine months			
	February 28, 2009	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2009	February 29, 2008		
Percentage of sales	85%	83%	84%	80%		
			As at	As at		
			February 28,	May 31,		
			2009	2008		
				(audited)		
Percentage of accounts receivable			75%	64%		

# Liquidity and financing risk

The Company makes use of short and long-term financing at several financial institutions. Should a significant decrease in cash and cash equivalents occur, the Company could make use of these facilities.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at February 28, 2009:

	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	0 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	12 to 24 months	After 24 months
Bank loan Accounts payable and	\$ 616,111	\$ 616,111	\$ 616,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
accrued liabilities Unrealized loss (gain)	9,386,912	9,386,912	9,386,912	-	-	-
on derivative financial	653,359	653,359	407,416	132,896	113,047	-
Long-term debt Other long-term	4,697,815	5,420,762	348,102	346,503	655,521	4,070,636
liabilities	48,371	48,371	48,371	-	-	-
	\$ 15,402,568	\$ 16,125,515	\$ 10,806,912	\$ 479,399	\$ 768,568	\$4,070,636

Contractual cash flows include interest charges.

The Company has the following credit facilities:

- a) Loan in the amount of \$4,625,370 (\$4,997,107 as at May 31, 2008) maturing in June 2018, secured by a building.
- b) On October 10, 2008, a credit facility of \$25,000,000 was granted to the Company including an increase of capital clause which would permit, under certain conditions, to increase the credit to \$30,000,000. This credit facility is composed of two tranches, consisting of a bank credit of \$7,500,000 which is guaranteed by accounts receivable and inventories, and a seven-year term loan in the amount of \$17,500,000, repayable in quarterly instalments, which will be used for business and fixed assets acquisitions. This credit facility bears interest at prime rate plus 0.0% to 0.50% based upon a financial ratio calculation.

#### 5N Plus Inc.

#### **Notes to Interim Consolidated Statements**

(in Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

As at February 28, 2009, the amount of the first outstanding tranche was of \$616,111 (382 963 Euros).

#### Interest rate risk

The issuance of 4,000,000 common shares in April 2008 generated gross proceeds of \$46,200,000. Therefore, the Company's level of debt is currently low, and bears interest at floating rate. Should its indebtedness increase, the Company's policy would be to limit its exposure to interest rate risk variations by ensuring that a reasonable portion of the debt is at fixed rates. Management does not believe that the impact of interest rate fluctuations will be significant on its operating results. A 0.50% fluctuation of interest rate of on every \$10,000,000 in cash and cash equivalents would annually impact interest income by \$50,000.

#### Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on sales of Canadian-made products in US dollars and in Euros. The Company considers currency risk to be limited for the following reasons:

- a) On November 20, 2008, the Company concluded a foreign currency forward contract totaling 4,500,000 Euros at an average conversion rate of 1.59. This foreign currency forward contract of 250,000 Euros per month will be effective from December 15, 2008 until May 14, 2010. For the three-month period ended February 28, 2009 the Company recorded a loss in the amount of \$233,589 and \$133,047 for the nine-month period in regards to this foreign currency exchange contract.
- b) On October 9, 2008, the Company concluded a foreign currency forward contract totaling US \$6,000,000 at an average conversion rate of 1.135. This foreign currency forward contract of US \$500,000 per month is effective from November 3, 2008 until October 30, 2009. During the quarter ended February 28, 2009 the Company recorded a loss in the amount of \$209,235 and \$749,547 for the nine-month period in regard to this foreign currency exchange contract.
- c) In terms of raw material purchases, prices are mainly denominated in US dollars. The Company's purchases represent a partial natural hedge against sales in US dollars.

As at February 28, 2009, the Company had the following exposure on:

	US\$	Euros
Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized costs:		
Cash	643,990	898,339
Accounts receivable	2,438,981	62,334
Receivable from the wholly-owned subsidiary	-	957,467
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,397,227)	(12,631)
Other long-term liabilities	(77,180)	-
Total exposure from above	(1,391,436)	1,905,509

Scenario of the Canadian dollar exchange rate fluctuation with regard to gross amount at risk:

	\$ CAN/US	\$ CAN/Euros
Exchange rate as at February 28,2009	1.2707	1.6088
Impact on net earnings based on a fluctuation of five cents		
in the Canadian dollar exchange rate	\$ 47,657 \$	65,264

Amounts above do not include the wholly-owned subsidiary accounts balance as it is using the Euro as functional currency. However, intercompany account balances in Euros are included in these amounts.

(unaudited)

#### **Price risk**

The Company is exposed to a risk of fluctuations in market prices for metals. This risk is managed by adequately forecasting and scheduling the acquisition of inventories to meet its fixed price contractual obligations to its customers. Financial instruments do not expose the Company to raw material price risks.

# 11. Foreign exchange (gain) loss

	Three	m	onths	Nine months					
	February 28,		February 29,		February 28,		February 29,		
	2009		2008		2009		2008		
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	\$ (345,898)	\$	60,766	\$	(1,565,211)	\$	77,561		
Realized (gain) loss on derivative financial instruments	192,057		-		(332,943)		-		
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments	250,767		-		632,379		-		
	\$ 96,926	\$	60,766	\$	(1,265,775)	\$	77,561		

# 12. Financial expenses

12. I manciai expenses									
		Three	e m	onths	Nine months				
	ı	February 28, 2009		February 29, 2008		February 28, 2009		February 29, 2008	
Interest and hank aboves	æ	75 407	\$	21,876	•	447.056	Φ.	00,000	
Interest and bank charges Interest on long-term debt	\$	75,197 32,267	Ф	24,320	Ф	117,356 162,791	Ф	80,890 217,921	
Amortization of deferred expenses		23,348		5,000		53,559		5,000	
	\$	130,812	\$	51,196	\$	333,706	\$	303,811	

# 13. Capital management

The Company is not subject to any external restrictions on its capital.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- -To maintain a flexible capital structure, this optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk;
- To sustain future development of the Company, including research and development activities, expansion of existing facilities or construction of new facilities and potential acquisitions of complementary businesses or products; and
- To provide the Company's shareholders an appropriate return on their investment.

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' equity.

#### **Notes to Interim Consolidated Statements**

(in Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

The capital of the Company amounted to \$107,865,553 and \$91,553,930 as at February 28, 2009 and as at May 31, 2008, respectively. The increase reflects principally the net earnings and the effects of the fluctuation on the Euro on the net assets of our foreign subsidiary which are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income.

The Company manages its capital structure based on the relationship between the net debt and capital. Net debt represents the sum of short-term and long-term financial debt, for both current and long-term portions, net of cash and cash equivalents.

Since the completion of the share issuances during the year ended May 31, 2008, the Company has maintained capital in excess of its current needs and has invested such capital in cash and cash equivalents in order to maintain/retain the maximum flexibility to take advantage of acquisition or expansion opportunities.

#### 14. Subsequent events

#### **Financial instruments**

On March 19, 2009, the Company concluded a foreign currency forward contract totaling €5,300,000 at an average conversion rate of 1.64. This foreign currency forward contract of €150,000 up to €350,000 by month will be effective from April, 1, 2009 until February 28, 2011.

On March 27, 2009, the Company concluded a foreign currency forward contract totaling US\$7,050,000 at an average conversion rate of 1.227. This foreign currency forward contract of US\$250,000 up to US\$350 000 by month will be effective from September, 1, 2009 until August 31, 2011.

#### 15. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.